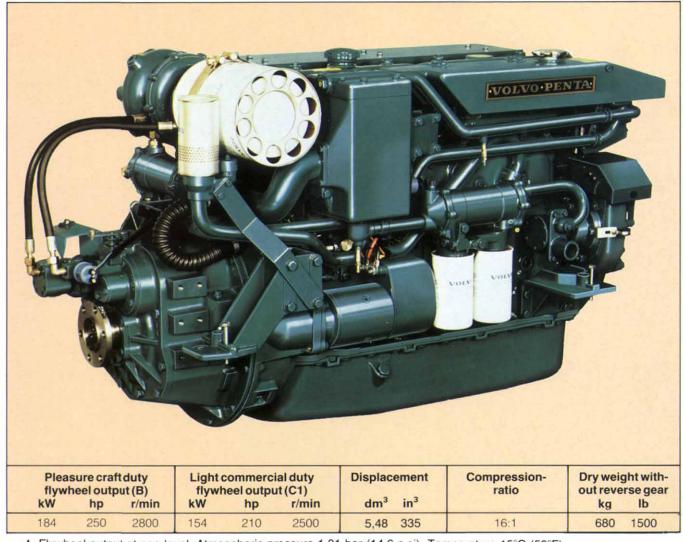


# **TAMD 60 C/187 kW\***

(255 hp)\*



★ Flywheel output at sea level. Atmospheric pressure 1.01 bar (14.6 p.si). Temperature 15°C (59°F).

# Powerful.Smooth-running.Fuel-thrifty.

The TAMD60C is a four-stroke, in-line, sixcylinder marine diesel with direct injection, turbocharging and aftercooler. Designed right from the very start for operation in both pleasure craft and fast workboats.

**Good performance.** Efficient turbocharging in combination with aftercooler has made it possible to attain a weight/output ratio of only 2.7 kg/hp. Good speed resources and compact installed volume.

Low specific fuel consumption. At an engine speed of 2200 r/min, consumption is 156 grams/hp/h, a figure that is consider-bly lower than those for most competitor engines in the same output class and operation mode.

- Excellent dependability, long operational lifetime. The TAMD60C has been developed on the basis of the Volvo Penta in-line six, a design that has clearly shown its reliability and long lifetime in thousands of pleasure craft and workboats all over the world.
- Smooth and vibration-free running. Wellbalanced design with sturdy crankshaft support. Low noise levels.
- Easy to install. Compact. Low profile. In order to facilitate installation, all cables terminate in an electrical connector box where the cable harness to the instrument panel is attached by means of bayonet connectors.

# TAMD 60 C

# **Specification**

□=Ordered separately (not included in the standard specification) (For details see Group 4)

# **Engine body**

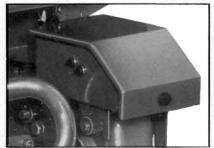
Cylinder block and cylinder heads are made from a special alloy cast iron Replaceable wet cylinder liners Replaceable valve seats Two cylinder heads Brackets on engine for rigid installation

☐ Flexible mounting for engine

### Electrical system - 12V

Starter motor 12V
Stop solenoid
Sender for tachometer
Sender + switch for oil pressure
Sender + switch for temperature
Electrical terminal board with two automatic fuses

□ Charging alternator 50A

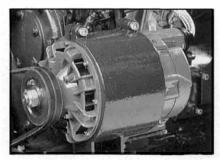


To facilitate installation work, all cables terminate in an electrical connector box where the cable harness to the instrument panel is attached by means of bayonet connectors.

### □ Electrical system - 24V

Starter motor 24V
Stop solenoid
Electrical terminal board with two automatic fuses
Charging alternator 

55A 60A

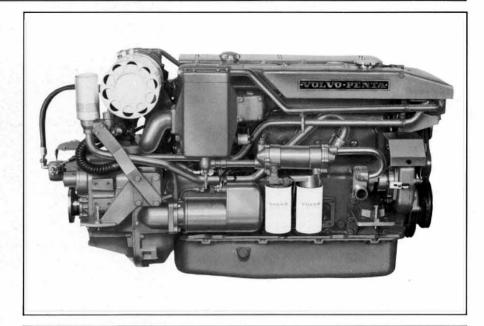


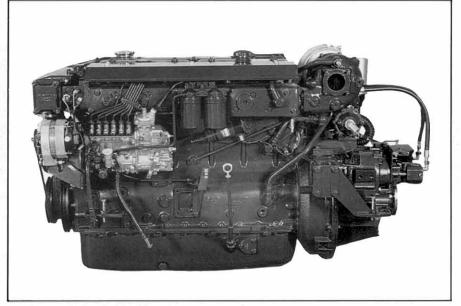
Four alternative generators are available for the TAMD60C: 14 V/50 A, 28 V/55 A and enclosed heavy duty generators with ratings of 28 V and 25 A/60 A.

#### □ Basic instrument panel including:

Tachometer

Temperature gauge
Oil pressure gauge
Voltmeter
Warning lamps for oil pressure,
engine temp and charging
Push button for instrument lighting
Push button for alarm test





Key switch for start and stop, with starter motor protection Alarm for high engine temp and low oil pressure



The instrument panel has clearly marked ISO symbols for temperature, oil pressure and charging. Double cover glass over instrument to prevent condensation. Key switch with starting and stopping functions and built-in starter motor protection.

☐ Instrument panel for a second control station including: Tachometer Warning lamps for oil pressure, engine temp and charging Key switch for start and stop of engine

Push button for instrument lighting Push button for alarm test Alarm for high engine temp and low oil pressure

□ Extra instrument panel including:
 Oil pressure gauge (reverse gear)
 Boost pressure gauge (turbocharger)

#### Cable harnesses

- ☐ Cable harness 3 m (9.8 ft)
- ☐ Cable harness 5 m (16.4 ft)
- □ Cable harness 7 m (23.0 ft)
   □ T-connection for "second control station"

#### Reverse gear

Reverse gear TDMG 502 Not for keelcooling. Output limitations see page 4.

Ratio 

1,5:1 
2:1 
2,5:1 
Weight incl. mounting kit 75 kg (165 lb)

# TAMD 60 C

Reverse gear TDMG 506 Output limitations see page 4.

Reverse gear TDMG 507 Output limitations see page 4.

Weight incl. mounting kit 165 kg (364 lb)

#### Power take offs

Crankshaft pulley

# Bilge pump

□ 1" direct driven, for sep mounting□ Ejector

# Lubricating system

Double oil filter, spin-on type
Water cooled oil cooler
Oil separating filter for crankcase
ventilation

Hose connection for crankcase
ventilation

# Oil scavenging pump

□ Mechanical □ Electric

## Fuel system

Injection pump with centrifugal governor Feed pump Twin fine filters Flexible fuel pipes with connection for suction and return lines

☐ Twin fuel filter type Racor

☐ Single fuel filter type Racor

# Turbocharging system

Turbocharger driven by exhaust gases, water-cooled Water cooled aftercooler Air cleaner with paper element



The turbo unit with a fresh-water cooled turbine housing. Turbocharging contributes to high output in relation to fuel consumption, low weight and compact installed dimensions.

### Exhaust system

Fresh-water cooled exhaust manifold

☐ Flexible exhaust compensator hose, lenght 590 mm (23,2") with connecting flanges



An air cleaner with a paper cartridge for effective filtration and damping of the high-frequency intake sound.

- ☐ Silencer dry
- □ Compensator 85 mm (3,35")
- ☐ Compensator 185 mm (7,28")
- ☐ Exhaust rubber hose

# Cooling system

Plate heat exchanger and 1" sea water pump

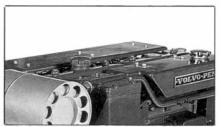
- ☐ Keel cooling incl expansion tank
- ☐ Cooling water intake
- ☐ Fresh water filter "Perry"
- ☐ Sea water strainer

#### Controls

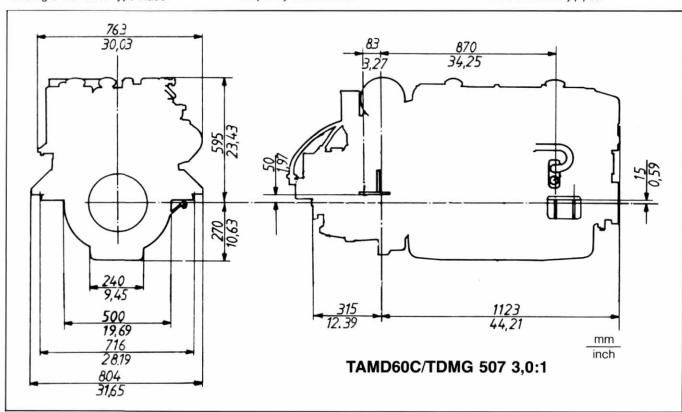
- ☐ Control model S for operating of engine speed
- ☐ Control cables
- ☐ DS unit

#### Miscellaneous

- ☐ Spare parts kit for engine
- ☐ Tool kit
- ☐ Propeller shaft coupling
- □ Propellers
- □ Oils
- □ Paints
- ☐ Anti-freeze
- ☐ Rustproofing
- ☐ Charging distributor for charging 2battery system

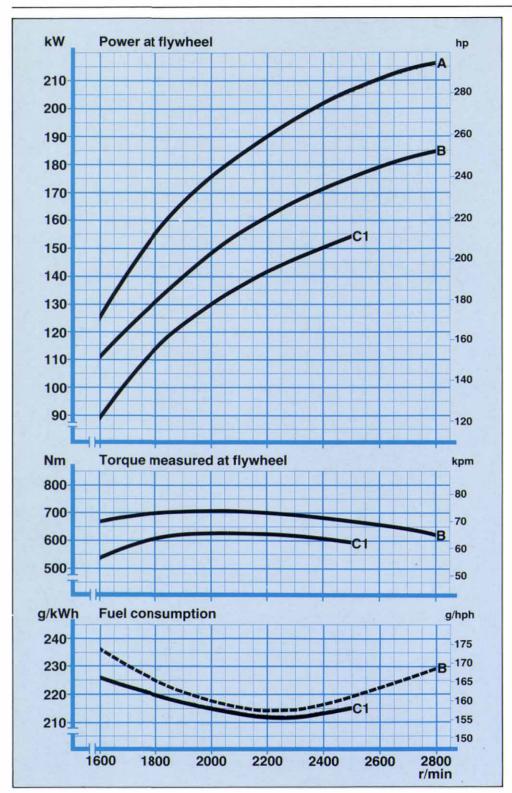


One practical feature is a protection plate over the fuel delivery pipes.



# TAMD 60 C





#### Curve A: Testroom operation.

Highest flywheel output obtainable in the test room without thermal overload. This output corresponds to DIN 6270 "Höchstleistung". It is intended only to demonstrate the margin beyond the output which the engine can perform as delivered.

### Curve B: Pleasure craft duty.

Flywheel output for pleasure craft duty according to DIN 6270 Leistung B.

# Curve C1: Light commercial

duty. Intermittent flywheel output according to DIN 6270 Leistung B. Highest power may be utilized only a few hours per day. Total operating time must not exceed 2000 hours per year. Under these circumstances the curve applies to semi-planing and planing hulls, e.g. passenger boats, patrol boats, light fishing boats, rescue boats etc.

Mentioned outputs are flywheel outputs. The propeller shaft output is approx 4 % lower. Otherwise see table below.

#### Reverse gear limitations. Maximum propeller shaft output.

	TDMG 502	TDMG 506	TDMG 507
Pleasure craft duty	163 kW (221 hp)	176 kW (240 hp)	. <del></del>
Light com- mercial duty	Ratio 1.5:1 and 2:1 135 kW (184 hp)	135 kW (184 hp)	148 kW (202 hp)

Density of diesel fuel: 830 g/litre. Conversion from g/kWh and g/hph to litre/h:

$$\frac{g/kWh \times kW}{830} = litre/h$$

Your Volvo Penta representative: